

-Abraham Maslow's <u>hierarchy of needs</u> (often shown as a pyramid) argues that we are motivated to fulfill basic needs before moving on to fulfill our other, more complex needs. We attempt to move up the pyramid (from 1 to 5) to reach our full potential (self-actualization).

## 1. Physiological Needs:

-Air, food, water, shelter, clothing, sleep, warmth, reproduction -These are needs for human survival!

## 2. Safety Needs:

-Security, freedom from fear, stability, law & order, employment, resources, property -This goes beyond just physical safety. We also need economic & psychological security

a. For example, we feel less secure without a job, health insurance, a home, etc.

## 3. Love/Belonging Needs:

-Intimate relationships, friends, family, trust, sense of community
-A lack of social interaction can lead to depression and feelings of isolation & loneliness

-Our connections with others help us get through life's ups & downs

## 4. Esteem Needs:

-Achievement, recognition, status, prestige, respect, confidence

## 5. Self-Actualization Needs:

-Realizing your full potential, self-fulfillment, seeking creativity & personal growth, morality, problem-solving

# **Discussion Questions**

1. What do you think human motivation is based on?

2. Maslow believed that only 1 to 2% of the population actually reaches selfactualization (their full potential). Why do you think the number is so low?

3. People try to move up the hierarchy, but progress they make is often interrupted by life experiences. What life experiences might cause someone to fluctuate between levels of the hierarchy?

\*Examples: losing your home, losing your job, going through a divorce, etc.

- 4. What are some characteristics of people who have reached self-actualization? \*Examples: creative, ability to look at life objectively, strong morals, acceptance of themselves & others, ability to appreciate basic life experiences, etc.
- 5. What changes or additions would you make to Maslow's hierarchy of needs?